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Vol 9. No. 2

Chinook, Alberta, Thursday, April 10, 1924

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GREEN ONIONS, RIPE TOMATOES
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Our Seeds Are Going Fast. Did You get Yours Yet?

McNab, Young, Barclay Seeds give best sat-
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We don't buy cheap goods to mislead the
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Have You Tried Our Buckwheat Flour?
It makes real pancakes.

The Chinook Trading Co.
Dealers in Meats and Groceries
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Kreso Dip, Creolin, Etc.

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Now is the time to get after Mr - Gopher.
We Stock

GOPHERCIDE KILL-EM-QUICK
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Safe guard against Smut by using the best
Formaldehyde you can buy. We Have It.

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Dr. J. B. Valentine **Dr. T. F. Holt,**
Physician and Surgeon Dentist, of Oyen,
CHINOOK ALTA. Will be at the Chinook Hotel
Every THURSDAY.

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New Stock of Men's and Boy's
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Overalls

The quality Best. The Price Right.

See Our Sample of Open Stock
PATTERN CHINA

Special Supply of SWIFT'S and BURN'S
CURED MEATS NOW IN.

Let Us Quote You Prices on Your
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Acadia Produce Co.

Quality—Economy—Service
C. W. RIDEOUT GEO. E. AITKEN
CHINOOK ALTA

Local Items

Mr. and Mrs. Aitken and family
who have been spending the win-
ter in Vancouver, returned to
their farm south of town on Sat-
urday.

The first farmer reported to be
working on the land in the Chin-
ook district is L. Kure, who com-
menced discing on Wednesday,
April 2.

E. E. Noble returned Sunday
morning from Wadena, Sask.

Mr. and Mrs. N. Kerry who
have been spending the winter
at B. Idgedale, Ont., returned to
Chinook last Thursday.

L. S. Dawson has been ap-
pointed Process Issuer for
Chinook.

Although it is not possible to
get the exact acreage accounted
for in the wheat pool contracts re-
ceived during the present drive
for membership in the Chinook
district, L. S. Dawson, local sec-
retary, estimated that some town-
ships are reporting one hundred
per cent sign-up. Many other dis-
tricts have reported a 95 per cent
sign-up.

A very important meeting for
members of the Chinook Doctor
Society will be held on Friday
evening at 8 o'clock. A perman-
ent committee will be elected and
general business attended to.

A unique service will be held
at the Chinook Union Church
next Sunday evening, April 13,
when the Boy Scouts will take
charge of the service. They will
give out the hymns, read the les-
son, etc. It is to be hoped that
the people of the town will give
the boys all the support and en-
couragement within their power.

Card of Thanks

Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Chapman
desire to thank their friends for
the kindly help and sympathy
shown them during the time of
the sickness and death of their
little son.

Alec Campbell has rented the
farm of James Martin near town.

Robert Caldwell returned Sat-
urday from Calgary to his farm
north of town.

Mrs. Adam Marr returned last
week from Ontario where she has
spent a few months.

Mrs. W. C. Agar was a Calgary
visitor last week. The time to
beware of smut. The time to
protect against it, is just before
the seed is planted, and the treat-
ment is both easy and inexpen-
sive. Get the best Formaldehyde
we have it. The Chinook Pharm-
acy.

Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Aarsby
visited friends near Youngstown
for a few days last week.

Miss DeMare arrived in Chin-
ook last week to keep house for
her brothers on their farm north
west of town.

Mr. H. Howton and daughter
Lily returned from Calgary Wed-
nesday. They have been visiting
Mr. Howton's mother who has
been very ill.

Obituary

Garth Merrill Chapman

On Sunday night at 10 o'clock
the little son of Mr. and Mrs. M.
L. Chapman, Garth Merrill passed
away. The little one was eleven
months and nine days old, and
taking cold a few days before his
death it developed into pneumo-
nia, and although every thing pos-
sible was done to check the dis-
ease it was impossible to do so,
and death took place on Sunday
evening.

The utmost sympathy of the
community goes out to Mr. and
Mrs. Chapman in their bereave-
ment, and the display of lovely
flowers and wreaths at the funeral
expressed the feelings of their
many friends in the time of sorrow.

The funeral was held on Tues-
day afternoon in the Union church
after a short service in the home.
Rev. Mr. Harden conducted the
service both at the Church and the
grave. The pall bearers were
Leslie Cliphsham, Alfred Deman,
Vincent Rideout and Duncan
McKenzie.

Mr. and Mrs. H. T. Lensegraf
returned to their farm at Chinook
on Saturday after spending the
past three months in Spokane,
Wash.

Mr. McNulty, Nakomis, Sask.,
shipped a car of horses from here
to Saskatchewan on Saturday.

Mr. George Bunnett has rented
the former Young farm from the
present owner, Mr. Oliver Jones.

This Week's Specials

Red Rose Black Tea special	65c
Quaker Corn Flakes, 2 for	25c
Pink Salmon, Large Tins 2 for	45c
Brunswick Sardines, 4 for	25c
4 lbs Mixed Jam Peter Pan	65c
Old Dutch Cleanser 2 for	25c

NEW SPRING SHIPMENT OF
SHOES ARRIVING TO-DAY

W. A. Hurley Ltd.

Get Ready For Spring

Better Paint that Car. Makes the old car like new
when you use our special Painting Outfits. Call and
see one of the jobs done here.

Radios, Ford Parts, New and Used Cars
For Sale or Hire.

Service Garage
COOLEY BROTHERS

J. S. Smith

The Wood-Work Repair Shop
Furniture Repaired, Storm Doors
and Windows Repaired,
and Saws Sharpened.

CHINOOK

M. L. CHAPMAN

Chinook, Alta.
GENERAL DRYING
All orders promptly attended
to



Why Ford Predominates

Do You Know That—

the Ford crankshaft is machined
accurately to one thousandth part
of an inch—

the Ford front axle is made to
withstand shocks and strains ten
times greater than are ever met
in ordinary usage—

the Ford car is composed of four
complete units: Power Plant—
Front Running Gear—Rear Run-
ning Gear—Frame—

only five movements of hand
and feet are required to accom-
plish the shift from neutral to
high on a Ford car as against 15

On a selective gear shift car—
there is no possibility of failure
to accomplish gear shift in the
Ford car. There is no chance
of clashing gears in the Ford
transmission—

15,000 operations are per-
formed in the building of each
Ford chassis—

the entire building of a Ford
closed body requires 38 hours
and 15 minutes during which
time the body passes through
the hands of 249 skilled body-
builders, trimmers and finishers.

See Any Authorized Ford Dealer

Ford

CARS • TRUCKS • TRACTORS

CF-30

Development Of Pulpwood Industry Unequalled In The History Of Our Commerce

Development of some of the natural resources of Canada has within the two decades of the present century established records which are almost phenomenal, says the Natural Resources Intelligence Service of the Department of the Interior. The pulp and paper industry, owing to its outstanding importance as the source of the enormous grain crops which they have produced, have overshadowed all other development.

The pulp and paper industry has come into its own on an imposing scale within very recent years. The pulp and paper industry, owing to its outstanding importance as the source of the enormous grain crops which they have produced, have overshadowed all other development.

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Wealth From Tourists

The Value of Good Roads and Provisions Made for Visitors. While of course it can only be approximate, the estimate of the Dominion Parks Board that \$126,000,000 was spent in Canada last year by foreign tourists is arresting. The board compares the estimates with an obvious deduction that might be overlooked, namely, that although the scenic beauties brought so much money into Canada it was not accompanied by any depletion of natural resources. "The same scenery will be there for others to gaze at this year."

By province the returns are figured this way:

British Columbia	\$26,000,000
Alberta	20,000,000
Saskatchewan and Manitoba	10,000,000
Ontario	20,000,000
Quebec	20,000,000
Maritime	10,000,000

Alberta is probably the best exhibit as an indication of what can be done. The enormous increase in tourist revenue for that province is almost entirely due to the opening up of the Banff and Jasper Parks, the construction of automobile roads and the provision of accommodation for visitors. There have been those who have criticized expenditures on these parks and who have shown slight concern over threatened encroachments by private power and other interests. The story of the Banff tourists should be sufficient answer.

The Dominion Parks Board is doing its utmost to not only in the parks under its control, but in drawing attention to the riches that Canada's beauty spots can be made to attract in this age of the automobile. From the Ottawa Journal.

More Horses Than Ever

Motor Cars Have Not Put Dobbin Out. It used to be said that the motor car would put the horse out of business. But it has not done so. To some of us horses may seem few, but they are not. The agricultural census of Canada shows that there were 1,925,291 more horses in Canada in 1921 than there were in 1911. The actual figures were 5,629,282 in 1921 and 3,703,991 in 1911.

Motor cars have invented a lot of the work they do. One can stand on a corner and see scores of cars being driven down town in the morning, each carrying its solitary passenger. These men were not formerly horse-drawn, but came down town in street cars. Motors are sometimes seen in a continuous stream going towards Hamilton. People used to go to Hamilton by train or boat. Because motors can make journeys no horse could ever have attempted, many of them are kept busy doing it.

Motors, too, are fond of good roads, and thousands of horses are kept busy hauling road materials—not to mention the horses which have been much used of late hauling motors out of snow banks and mud holes.—Toronto Star.

Shipments of Fruit to Prairies. During the past year the Associated Grocers of British Columbia shipped 2,225,099 boxes of fruit to the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, while 627 cars had been sent to various foreign markets, including Holland, Belgium, Scandinavia, China, Africa, New Zealand and Mexico.

When a man insists that he knows what he is talking about, make him prove it.

Farm Labor Supply

Farm Wages Will Be Based On \$40 Per Month

The report of the conference of representatives of organized farmers and officials of the Employment Service which met in Edmonton on March 7, has been received from the Secretary of the conference.

The organized farmers of Saskatchewan were represented by Mr. R. M. Johnson of the Grain Growers' Association, and Mr. W. C. McCallum of the Farmers' Union of Canada. Manitoba and Alberta organized farmers were also in attendance, as well as representatives of the two railway companies and representatives of the Employment Service in the four western provinces.

Among the problems discussed at the conference was the question of farm labor supply and the probable wages for the coming season. From information submitted to the conference by the Employment Service, the railways and immigration departments, it would seem that an adequate supply of labor might be available for farm work this spring.

The conference went on record as being of the opinion that \$10 per month for summer farm work should be regarded as the going wage. The \$10 per month was decided merely as a basic wage upon which other calculations as may be necessary might be determined.

Big Increase In Trade

Both Imports and Exports Show Considerable Gains

The total trade of Canada for the eleven months of the fiscal year ending February was \$177,153,285, or \$182,188,505 more than in the corresponding year. Both imports and exports shared in the increases. Imports were up \$95,009,000; exports of domestic merchandise increased \$88,000,000. Of domestic exports in the eleven months agricultural and vegetable products, with a total of \$365,500,000, form the largest item. Next come wood and wood products, with a total of \$245,000,000. Of imports, iron and its products came first, the total being \$156,000,000 a total of \$245,000,000. Exports during the month of February were ten millions higher than in February, 1923; imports were three millions lower.

Wheat In Alberta

Average Yield of 1914 Bushels Over a Period of 26 Years

Alberta has maintained an average yield of spring wheat of 1914 bushels per acre over a period of 26 years, according to a chart prepared by the Department of Agriculture. In addition winter wheat has averaged over the same period, 29.10 bushels; oats 35.79 bushels; barley 26.10 bushels; rye, 18.81 bushels; and flax, 8.71 bushels.

Ship Cattle to Japan

By arrangements made by Hon. Geo. Hoodley, Minister of Agriculture, province of Alberta, a trial shipment of cows and steers will be made in the near future to Japan, for the purpose of testing out the possibilities of a market for Alberta's livestock in that country. It is also the purpose of the department to send with the shipment a qualified investigator who will look into the possibilities of a market for all of Alberta's farm products.

Astrolators of old say that the 5th and 12th are October's unluckiest days, and are to be banned for all business enterprises.

Fertile Agricultural Lands—Can Still Be Homesteaded In Northern Alberta Areas

Tent Caterpillars

Trees Growing on Prairies Badly Damaged by This Pest

Certain areas in Alberta, Southern Saskatchewan and Manitoba, were seriously infested in 1923 by Forest Tent Caterpillars. The districts referred to are shown on a map forming the first page of a circular issued by the Dominion Entomological Branch, and prepared by J. J. de Gize, assistant entomologist, stationed at Indian Head, Sask. The pest feeds on the foliage of trees, such as cottonwood, willow and ash, seriously sapping their vitality. The circular contains an illustrated description of the caterpillar, along with methods of control and types of spraying outfits, which should be brought into play on infested trees in the early spring, as soon as the buds open. The formula given for use at this season is arsenate of lead (paste) 3 pounds, water 40 gallons; or arsenate of lead (powder) 2½ pounds, water 40 gallons. Other formulas for use at later stages are supplied in the circular, which will be forwarded free on application to the Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

New Weights For Bacon Hogs

Conformation Necessary to Come Within Select Bacon Class

A change has been made, recently in the weights of hogs grading as select. According to the new standard, hogs to come within this class will weigh 170 to 220 pounds, off cars at stockyards, or 180 to 220 pounds, fed and watered, at stockyards or local shipping points. To come within this select bacon class, the hog must have length of side. The standard length of the ideal "Wiltshire" is 36 inches from neck to knuckle bone. The hog should be of uniform depth with firm, straight underline. The head should be of medium length with a slightly dishd face, broad forehead, and rather small firmly attached erect ears fringed with fine hair; the neck should be well muscled with no tendency to arch on top and below, in the vicinity of the jaw, should be trim and not heavy or bulky or coarse; the shoulders should be smooth and compact; the back should be slightly arched from neck to tail with the well sprung rib dropping straight; the ham should be smooth and tapering, having no excess bulges of fat. Well finished hogs are of medium width throughout, indicating a full deep loin and a house well-developed rump; finish is of utmost importance.

Raw Fur Production

The total value of the raw fur production of Canada for the season 1922-23 was \$16,761,567, according to a report prepared by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. This amount represents the value of the 1,525,366 pelts of fur-bearing animals taken in Canada during the season, comprising the pelts taken by trappers and pelts of ranch-bred animals, the value of the latter approximating three and a half per cent.

The average length of life in the United States is now 56 years; in 1910 it was 52 years; in 1870 it was 41 years. In India the average is but 24 years.

To Suppress Drug Traffic

Canada Has Declared War On the Dangerous Drug Heroin

Canada has declared war upon another dangerous drug.

The Dominion has notified the League of Nations that it will heartily support the proposal that the drug heroin be regarded as harmful and that its sale should be totally suppressed save under the strictest medical control.

Canada took the initiative in this manner and, through its representative, notified the league of the action it intended to take at the next meeting of the committee dealing with the sale and distribution of dangerous drugs and it has already received the support of several influential members of the league.

The action was taken after consultation with distinguished medical authorities in all the leading countries of the world and after many hospitals in Canada and elsewhere had been canvassed on the question.

Canada is to ask the league for total suppression of the sale of the drug as by physician's prescription as part of the campaign now being waged against harmful drugs.

Alberta Telephones

Earnings During 1923 Were the Greatest in Three Years

The earnings of the Alberta telephone companies for 1923 amounted to \$3,521,163.16, which is the best showing for the past three years, according to the annual report of the government telephone, which was tabled by Hon. V. W. Smith, minister of railways and telephones, in the legislature.

The telephone expense for last year was \$1,287,222.22, which is the lowest in proportion to the earnings for the 1921 to 1922, inclusive.

Although there has been an increase of the earnings over the expense, owing to the steady increase in uncontrollable expenditure, there is a possibility of increased rates, according to the report.

During the year, 812 telephones were added, at a cost of \$104,285. The total number of telephones in use is now 67,257.

Supremacy of Canadian Cars

The supremacy of Canadian-made automobiles and motor trucks in the New Zealand market is shown in figures published by the Commercial Intelligence Journal. Canada sold nearly twice as many cars in New Zealand last year as did the United States and quadrupled its own 1922 business. In 1923, New Zealand imported 7,289 cars, worth \$4,966,284 from Canada, as compared with 3,509, worth \$2,541,171 from the United States.

The ancients believed that a child born on October 2 would die a wicked death. For adults, bloodletting was barred, no drinks were to be taken, and no goose eaten. Otherwise, death within forty days was pronounced.

Fond Of Rice

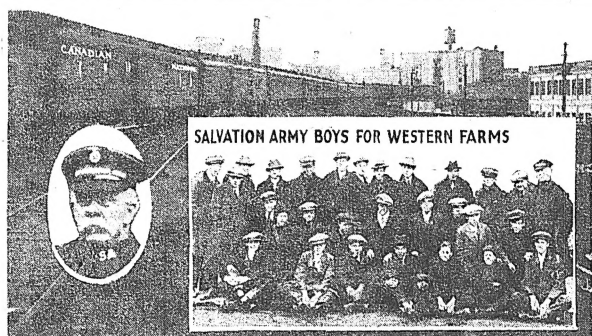
Porto Rico's rice consumption last year was 150.7 pounds per capita, or approximately one-third of a pound a day for each man, woman and child. This is an increase of 16 pounds per capita over 1922.

Getting The Effect

Bride (to butcher).—What sort of roast do you think would go well with a perfect darling of a blue-and-white dinner set?

Washington, Oregon and Idaho produce nearly half of the commercial apples of the United States.

HUSKY NEW FARMERS ON CANADIAN NATIONAL



SALVATION ARMY BOYS FOR WESTERN FARMS

Twenty-eight of Canada's new farmer citizens-in-the-making as they arrived a few days ago in charge of the Salvation Army. This party originally consisted of 58 boys and 12 girls, but those shown in the picture are the only ones who came on to Western Canada to work on the land, the other remaining in Ontario. These boys are the advance guard of a large

group of 'teen age lads who are coming to Canada this spring under the auspices of the Salvation Army to work on farms in the west, and never has a more promising looking group of settlers been prized through Winnipeg than the young men shown above. They travelled across Canada by Canadian National Railway's special train for immigrants and the picture shows

them on their arrival at the Union Station, Winnipeg, and the long train filled with new settlers. Arrangements have been made by the Salvation Army authorities for special equipment to be provided by the Canadian National to bring west the next large party, which is scheduled to sail from the Old Country the end of March.

The days of rushes for homesteads in Western Canada are practically over and the army of invaders in search of free government lands upon which to file dwindles each year as the extent of such land available for settlement gradually shrinks. Pioneer, and all that it means, is a waste that is rapidly passing, and Western Canada has rapidly taken on the aspect of a permanently established and prosperous agricultural area with all the comforts and conveniences of modern life. To succumb in any large homestead block the homesteader must travel far, but in certain sections, even yet, fine fertile agricultural lands are procurable for the filling and cultivation duties.

The outstanding area of these is undoubtedly the Peace River country, popularly termed the Last West, which comprises a very large area of the province of Alberta north of the Athabasca River and to the north and west of the Peace River as far as the 54th parallel of latitude north, which is the northern boundary of the province, and west to the boundary and the British Columbia line. J. K. Cornwall, an outstanding pioneer of this area, who has done much for its development, recently drew up an account of the agricultural and timber resources of this country for the Alberta Minister of Agriculture, in which he claims that 50 per cent. of the district is capable of the same kind of agricultural development as any part of the province farther south. With the exception of the Grande Prairie and proper Peace River countries, he states, the country is more or less wooded, poplar and spruce being the principal trees. There is plenty of rainfall and the winters are not any colder than any part of Central Alberta. Snowfall will average over two feet a year. The whole country was at one time overrun with buffalo or wood buffalo, a band of about two thousand running wild there at the present time and this is taken as a strong argument for the fertility of the soil, it being pointed out that where the buffalo ranged on the prairie in the old days is the best ranching country today. In the early days ranchers seeking location did so where it was known buffalo ranged in the winter.

At various trading points in this area, cereals and vegetables of all kinds have been grown for generations. The entire area produces a plentiful supply of long grass. Cattle and horses do well and are comparatively free from diseases, which are, in fact, almost unknown in the whole. Wheat has been grown for forty years at Vermilion, which is a point 200 miles south of Edmonton, and wheat, which in 1876 took the world's prize at the Philadelphia Centennial, was grown at Fort Chipewyan in an even higher latitude.

The country is described as alluvial and decomposed, the topsoil is matter soil. At least one-half of the cultivable soil in Northern Alberta lies in the section described. The centre of the province of Alberta is a point 85 miles north and 25 miles west of Edmonton, which gives some idea of the tremendous extent of land that is available for settlement in the future. There is less actual acreage in this area than in any other province in the Dominion.

This area, it is claimed, has few superiors as to soil or climate in Canada. The country is comparatively free from wind and blizzards are unknown. During the growing season a sunbelt will burn a card for 19 hours. Grain and vegetables require two to three weeks less to mature than in Central and Southern Alberta. This is on account of the daylight and the sunlight. There is a sufficient quantity of merchantable spruce timber in the country to take care of all its local requirements.

This is the Last West, and those who know it may be excused for terming it the "Best West." It is one of the few remaining resorts on the continent for the seeker after free lands, and according to all the descriptions which come out of that area, and its already noteworthy achievement in a brief development history, some of the best of Canada, from an agricultural point of view, has yet been reserved.

Our Uppish Help

Mistress.—I shall expect you not to wear my clothes.

New Maid.—You need not worry on that point, madam, I shouldn't even patronize your dressmaker.

Grimsby, England, is now the greatest traveling centre in the world, between five and six hundred steam travelers alone are now registered at this port, in addition to many other vessels.

SENATE REFORM IS NOW PROPOSED FROM THE INSIDE

Ottawa.—Reduction of the membership of the Senate of Canada, and the retirement of senators at the age of 75 was proposed in the Senate by Senator Turfitt, the Progressive member of the Senate. The debate on his resolution was adjourned, after some discussion, by the Government leader, Senator Dandurand.

It would be better, Senator Turfitt said, in presenting his resolution, for the Senate to reform itself than to have the people reform it. There was criticism of the Senate and of the manner of its appointment, especially in Western Canada. Senate reform was always the policy of the party in opposition. There should be a reduction in the cost of this body. The excessive cost, of government must be reduced. Canada was over governed. More work should be provided for the Senate which also should not be permitted to become one-sided. The opposition parties should have the right to appoint a certain number of senators after the government had a majority. He was not in favor of the election of senators by provincial legislatures. He preferred an appointed Senate. That system so far had proved satisfactory.

Senator Bradbury seconded the resolution to give Senator Turfitt a chance to place his views before the Senate. He did not endorse the proposal.

Steeplejack Has Nasty Fall

Sudbury, Ont.—Walter Larshbough, professional steeplejack, is in hospital here with nearly every bone in his body broken, as the result of a fall from the top of a 95-foot chimney stack at Pakeness. Larshbough and two others were putting a screen over the top of the stack before resuming work when part of the scaffolding collapsed, and he was precipitated to the ground. His companions saved themselves by clinging to the woodwork until assistance arrived.

He Suffered For Three Years

Then Mr. John Jensen Used Dodd's Kidney Pills

Saskatchewan farmer suffered from backache and stiffness in the joints and was restored to good health by using Dodd's Kidney Pills. "For about three years I have suffered from backache and stiffness in my joints. I did not sleep well and had very little appetite in the mornings. I took two boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills, and have found that they did me a lot of good."

This statement is made by Mr. J. Jensen, well known in this place. Mr. Jensen's troubles were caused by the kidneys. That's why he got such prompt relief from Dodd's Kidney Pills, for they act only on the kidneys. When the kidneys are not right, they fall to do their full work of straining all the impurities out of the seeds of disease, and of the blood. There can be no pure blood if the kidneys are weak. There can be no good health unless the blood is pure. Ask your neighbors if Dodd's Kidney Pills are not the sovereign remedy for sick kidneys.

Many Germans Coming to America Stuttgart, Wurttemberg.—Eighteen thousand persons left Wurttemberg for America in the first half of 1923 and the estimated immigration in the last six months of last year is 10,000, making roughly 58,000 emigrants to America from this state alone, or about half the German quota. The entire population of Wurttemberg is about two and a half million.

Cuticura Heals Face Disfigured With Itchy Eczema



"Eczema broke out in watery pimples on my face and head. Later my cheeks and head became so bad that they were covered with large scales. The itching and burning were so severe that I could not sleep at night. My face was disfigured. My hair became dry and lifeless and fell out so that I had to have it cut off close to my scalp."

"A friend advised me to try Cuticura Soap and Ointment so I purchased some, and after using two cakes of Cuticura Soap and two boxes of Cuticura Ointment I was healed." (Signed) Mrs. Elmer King, Box 278, Jackson St., Oxford, Nova Scotia.

Make Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Talcum your daily toilet preparations. Sample Free Trial Mail Address: Cuticura, Inc., 241 N. 4th St., W. Montreal, Quebec, Canada. Ointment 50¢, Soap 25¢, Talcum 25¢. Cuticura Soap shares without mail.

W. N. U. 1519

Estimate Cost Of Completing H. B. Road

Ottawa.—An estimate of \$2,000,000 as the approximate cost of completing the Hudson's Bay Railway between Mile 332 and Port Nelson, was given by the minister of railways in the House in reply to a question by T. W. Bird (Progressive, Nelson, Man.). Mr. Graham said this did not include the railway terminals at Port Nelson, nor would it complete the railway for operation, as it would cost \$425,000 to put the line from The Pas to Mile 332 in proper operating condition.

Prince Fools Parisians

Outwits Detectives and Reporters and Has a Nice Quiet Time

Paris.—The Prince of Wales, after a visit to Paris, has left for Biarritz, to the great relief of the secret police entrained with the task of keeping watch over the royal visitor in France. The Prince, who is travelling as the Earl of Chester, neatly fooled detectives and reporters. A huge automobile, bearing the coat of arms of the British embassy, remained standing outside his hotel until noon. As the Prince had not appeared, the detectives were much worried.

Afternoon newspapers published photographs of the automobile with the caption, "The Prince of Wales in the Latest Rides in Paris." In the meantime the Earl of Chester escaped through the rear entrance of the hotel and took lunch in a modest restaurant near the boulevard with a former interpreter, who was attached to the British army during the war.

PLEA IS MADE FOR REDUCTION IN THE TARIFF

Ottawa.—An immediate and substantial all-round reduction in the tariff was requested by a delegation from the Canadian Council of Agriculture, which met Premier King and practically all members of the cabinet. The request for tariff reduction was voiced by J. W. Ward, secretary of the council, who expressed satisfaction at the "promise" contained in the speech from the throne of a reduction in the tariff on implements of production.

"Such a reduction is not sufficient to satisfy justice," said Mr. Ward. "The tariff on implements of production should be abolished. Canadian manufacturers can compete in the markets of other countries."

He urged reduction in the duties on food, clothing and the necessities of life, and insisted that the tariff should be strictly a tariff for revenue only. The delegation was headed by W. A. Amos, president of the Canadian Council of Agriculture, who stated that it came under instructions given at the last meeting of the council. Agriculture was in an exceedingly bad way, in spite of the fact that the 1923 crop had been very large, and that the production of other forms of crops had been greater, or as great, as in any previous year. The value of farm products had decreased by \$70,000,000 last year as compared with the previous year and the farmer was no better off today than if his crop had been small.

"I am safe in saying that never was there a time in the history of Ontario, or of Canada, when there was such a scramble for farm loans or so many failures," said Mr. Amos. The farmers were constantly accused of being "grouchers." It was time that such accusations ceased.

Premier King—I agree with that. All the farmer demanded today was a dollar's worth for his dollar, continued Mr. Amos. He was not getting this and the proof of it lay in the desperate attempts of manufacturers to convince the public that he was. The farmer must have some redress or there was danger of the collapse of the whole industrial fabric. J. W. Ward, secretary of the council, pressed the necessity of the immediate completion of the Hudson's Bay Railway. The grading was completed, the steel was laid within 22 miles of the bay. The navigability of the Hudson's Bay route had been sufficiently demonstrated to justify proceeding with construction of the line.

Farmers Owe For Seed Grain

Ottawa.—Canadian farmers still owe the government \$5,264,000 for seed grain advanced to them. Hon. J. A. Robb, acting minister of finance, stated in the House recently. The amounts charged against the various provinces are: Manitoba, \$140,737; Saskatchewan, \$3,555,282; Alberta, \$1,567,781; and British Columbia, \$197,000.

Memphis is the largest manufacturer of cottonseed products.

REALIZING ON THE ASSETS OF DEFUNCT BANK

Toronto.—Official liquidators of the Home Bank of Canada are proceeding with their work of realizing on the assets of the defunct bank and are pressing claims for payment of the double liability upon shareholders without regard for the new phase that has developed in the claim of certain interests that the bank had never been properly incorporated, and that, being insolvent in 1913, its charter could not be legally renewed under the Bank Act, and therefore, that it did not exist as a legally incorporated bank.

There are said to be interesting possibilities from the standpoint of the creditors and shareholders in the event of this contention being upheld by the courts. For the bank, in the event of failure to determine its legal qualifications, would at once assume the status of a partnership, with each and every one of the shareholders, a partner, in the institution, and, as such, liable for the bank's liabilities up to the full extent of their individual resources.

Charles Garrow, K.C., master of the Supreme Court, has agreed to appoint a solicitor and counsel for all shareholders who are opposing the double liability, but the name of the appointee has not yet been announced.

Offers Landing Field To British Airmen

Seattle Sending Message to Air Ministry at London

Seattle.—An invitation to the British army aviators who are attempting to fly around the globe, to make use of Sand Point aviation field, north-east of here, will be cabled to the British air ministry at London, Eng. when the United States army fliers, who are also trying to encircle the earth, leave this city, according to Captain C. J. Hutchinson, of Seattle.

The following message has been prepared for transmission: "The city of Seattle and King County, Washington, respectfully tender the royal air squadron on their world flight all facilities of our Sand Point landing field, from which the United States army air squadron started on their flight around the world."

ASPIRIN

Beware of Imitations!



Unless you see the "Bayer Cross" on package or on tablets you are not getting the genuine Bayer Aspirin proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians over twenty-three years for Colds, Headache, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Neuritis, Pain, etc. Accept "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" only. Each unbroken package contains proven directions. Handy boxes of twelve tablets cost few cents. Druggists also sell bottles of 24 and 100. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monocellulose of Salicylic Acid. While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer manufacture, to assist the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

Bottle Travels Across N. Atlantic Quebec.—A bottle thrown overboard from the Canadian Government exploration ship, Arctic, in the vicinity of Cape Farewell, Greenland, on July 21, 1923, was picked up on the beach at Port Ness, Stormy, Ross-shire, Scotland, on March 7, 1924, according to word received here. The bottle had travelled more than 1,000 miles across the North Atlantic.

Cold In Head?

Heat Minder's and Inhale. Quick relief assured. An enemy to germs.



Opposition to Bay Route Prospects for Early Completion of Road Are Not Favorable

Ottawa.—Although the proposal for the completion of the Hudson's Bay Railway, this year, is being pressed upon the government with particular force, both by the delegation here from the Dominion Council of Agriculture and Hon. J. A. Gendreau, minister of highways for Saskatchewan, and J. A. Campbell, commissioner for Northern Manitoba, the prospects are not considered too favorable.

The government fully intends to go ahead and put the existing line in shape and this work will be started in advance of the new vote and on the strength of that made last year. To the completion of the terminals and the rest of the line, however, there is very strong opposition, the more effective by reason of the demands for national economy. One of the proposals being considered is the creation of a board of inquiry made up largely of western men to settle, once and for all, the navigability of the straits. "It is believed this may be acted upon but that any new construction will take place this year is very doubtful."

Granting Easy Bail

System is Strongly Criticized by Manufacturers' Association

Montreal.—At a meeting of the executive committee of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association here, the stopping of the system of granting easy bail to criminals, especially those with records of crimes of violence, was demanded. Real alarm was expressed as to the safety of property and the public in this city in view of recent bandit outrages. The gunman killed in the bank car holdup, it was pointed out, had been for years past a notorious criminal, and yet he had, only a few months ago, been granted bail in Montreal. He had jumped this bail to the United States, whence he had returned to Montreal shortly afterwards.

Diversion of Water

Chicago Drainage Canal Project Is Discussed in Senate

Ottawa.—The diversion of water from Lake Michigan by the Chicago drainage commission was discussed in the Senate. Senator Dandurand, Government leader, said there was no agreement between Canada and the United States on the question. His personal opinion was that the engineering commission, which is to consider the Lawrence and Lawrence project will have, for a "very first duty," a consideration of water levels.

"If they find—as I have no doubt they will," continued Senator Dandurand, "that this diversion at Chicago lowers the levels of the lakes, I am sure that the people of Canada will insist that no international work will be entered upon until the normal levels of the lakes be restored."

Canadian Schools Well Attended

Last Report Issued Shows 2,100,000 Children Enrolled During 1922

Toronto, Ont.—A report issued by the minister of trade and commerce, Ottawa, shows 2,100,000 children attended school in Canada during 1922. Of these 100,000 were in private schools, 60,000 at college and universities, 12,000 in Indian schools, 9,000 in institutions for teaching training, 80,000 in schools for a vocational nature and 1,800,000 at ordinary schools. The report shows 25 per cent. commenced school in Canada under 6½ years of age, 52 per cent. at from 6½ to 7 years, and 12 per cent. at 12 years.

REPORTED LOSSES IN ACCOUNTS OF THE FREE STATE

Dublin.—The first annual report of the Free State comptroller and auditor-general on the appropriation accounts for the year ending March 31, 1923, contains remarkable disclosures of irregularities and losses of public monies.

The sum of £128,000 in the army accounts is either wholly or partially unaccounted for, while other sums of £122,000 and £40,000 have to be written off because no vouchers were available or as unrecoverable balances.

Other sums written off are explained by officers absconding or joining the irregulars, while it is shown that deserters' families drew allowances and the over-payment of officers and others was widespread.

The firm supplying army stores received advances amounting to £170,000, but invoices for only £250,000 were received.

No Intention Of Leaving, Says Thornton

Ottawa.—Speaking over the Canadian National radio station from here, D. E. Galloway, chief assistant to Sir Henry Thornton, denied, at his chief's request, the recent report that Sir Henry had decided to go back to England as general manager of the London, Midland and Scottish Railway. "I do not know how or where this rumor originated," Sir Henry had told Mr. Galloway, "but as long as the men will stick with me, I have no intention of abandoning the ship." Mr. Galloway said this was indeed good news to the officials and employees in general of the Canadian National Railway, and he believed good news also to Canadians throughout the country.

France Bidding For Airplane Speed Record

Builder of Plane and Manufacturer of Motor to Divide Prize

Paris.—The French Government has offered a prize of 200,000 francs, about \$3,860, for the purpose of bringing back to France the world's airplane record for speed, now held by Lieut. A. J. Williams, United States navy, with his mark of 266.5 miles per hour achieved at Mitchell Field, near New York, last November. The prize is divided, 100,000 francs to the builder of the airplane and 60,000 to the manufacturer of the motor.

Several other prizes are offered, 150,000 francs for the hydro airplane speed record, 100,000 francs for a new distance flight, to which 50,000 francs will be added if the duration record is broken simultaneously, and 25,000 francs for the altitude record.

Young Agriculturists Awarded Gifts

Brandon, Man.—A pleasant surprise for the boys who unsuccessfully competed for prizes in the boys' calf competition at the Brandon winter fair has been announced by Manager J. E. Riethe.

This was to the effect that the department of agriculture for Manitoba had decided to send a gift of \$5 to every one of the lads who did not figure in the prize list. There were 78 exhibitors, and of these there will be 56 who will get \$5 each.

Will Investigate Shipping Rates

Ottawa.—To investigate the alleged discrimination in ocean freight rates on Canadian commodities shipped from Canadian Atlantic ports, Sir Harold Mackinder, chairman of the Imperial Shipping Committee, with his secretary and an Australian Government member of the same body, will shortly arrive at Halifax.

SEVEN OF THE 26 BRANCH LINES ARE DEALT WITH

Ottawa.—The House of Commons adopted resolutions covering construction of seven of the 26 branch lines which the government proposes to build for the Canadian National Railways. The seven bills have been given first reading, involving expenditure of \$6,422,300 out of the \$28,000,000 involved.

One resolution passed on Tuesday and six today. They provide for the following branches:

Kingsclear to the St. Croix River, in New Brunswick.

Roussell to Laurent, Quebec.

Grande Poudre to Rimet Junction, Quebec.

Sunny Brae to Guysboro, Nova Scotia.

Kamloops Junction to Kelowna and Lumby, B.C.

Mile 58.2 to Cowichan Bay, Vancouver Island.

Mile 71 to Mile 100, Vancouver Island.

Sir Henry Thornton, president of the Canadian National Railways, put his imprimatur upon the government branch lines proposal in a letter read in the House by the minister of railways, Hon. G. P. Graham. This letter was written after the request made by the Conservative leader, Rt. Hon. Arthur Meighen, that the House should have the definite declaration of the head of the government railways as to the need of the proposed branch lines.

In a postscript to his letter Sir Henry stated that the Canadian National system had now under consideration the sale of the Hubertud branch to the Canadian Pacific Railway.

Urges Permanent Addition to Pensions

Winnipeg.—Urging the Dominion Government to establish the present pension bonus as a permanent addition to the pensions of ex-service men or dependents, a resolution was passed unanimously at a previous session of the Legislature of Manitoba.

Prince Goes to Biarritz

London.—The Prince of Wales, travelling incognito as the Earl of Chester, has left for Biarritz for ten days' recuperation from the effects of his recent racing accident.



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Exactly as it ran in New York for three years and with the same cast that goes to London next summer

THE NEW YORKER

Will play these cities on its first tour of Canada: WINNIPEG, Walker Theatre, Mon. April 14, matinee Wed. April 15, matinee Sat. April 16, matinee Sun. April 17, matinee Mon. April 18, matinee Wed. April 19, matinee Sat. April 20, matinee Sun. April 21, matinee Mon. April 22, matinee Wed. April 23, matinee Sat. April 24, matinee Sun. April 25, matinee Mon. April 26, matinee Wed. April 27, matinee Sat. April 28, matinee Sun. April 29, matinee Mon. April 30, matinee Wed. May 1, matinee Sat. May 2, matinee Sun. May 3, matinee Mon. May 4, matinee Wed. May 5, matinee Sat. May 6, matinee Sun. May 7, matinee Mon. May 8, matinee Wed. May 9, matinee Sat. May 10, matinee Sun. May 11, matinee Mon. May 12, matinee Wed. May 13, matinee Sat. May 14, matinee Sun. May 15, matinee Mon. May 16, matinee Wed. May 17, matinee Sat. May 18, matinee Sun. May 19, matinee Mon. May 20, matinee Wed. May 21, matinee Sat. May 22, matinee Sun. May 23, matinee Mon. May 24, matinee Wed. May 25, matinee Sat. 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The Hygiene Of Old Age

Principles to be Applied in Order to Make Old Age a Pleasure

In a recent broadcast on the "Hygiene of Old Age," Dr. C. M. G. Green, of the United States, makes a plea for a better understanding of this condition and argues for an attitude of optimism and cheerfulness when dealing with elderly people.

"There is too much of a tendency among persons reaching a certain age to persuade themselves that they have reached the last page of the book of life," says Dr. Cunningham. At this point, he continues, "many seem to think that both mental and physical activities should be relinquished. The contrary viewpoint should hold. Efforts should be made to preserve both an equilibrium of mind and body."

Old age should not be a period of complete and utter inactivity. Old age should be a period of change of perspective. Mental as well as physical activities are essential to the happiness of old age. The reading of current newspapers and periodicals or of classic standard literature of the past is a definite antidote to the tendency of the aged to despair. Reading, watching, simple exercises, or other light manual occupations, requiring dexterity and mental application are useful supplementary measures. The inclusion of the elderly in social gatherings and similar occupations with younger persons is also beneficial. It should not be thought that a person is no longer entitled to an interest in life because he is old.

Radio broadcasting has opened up a vista of enlightenment to the aged, especially to those with impaired hearing or failing vision. Not only does radio interest and instruct, but it often soothes. With its kaleidoscopic changes of programme, radio offers diversion which is beneficially helpful. Good radio music is thoroughly enjoyable, no doubt beneficial. One should not, however, go to the extreme of keeping late hours even for listening to radio programmes.

Many of the problems connected with the hygiene of old age are due to lowered mental power. Therefore, a cheerful and optimistic attitude towards the aged, especially during sickness, is essential to their well-being. Old people regard their condition as far less serious when fully dressed and out of bed. However, when an elderly person complains of being over tired, or otherwise not physically fit, rest in bed for a day is advisable. An administering light and easily digested food and applying warmth to the body of an aged patient is often aided over a prospective illness.

Special attention should also be paid to proper clothing and exercise of the elderly. Inasmuch as body heat decreases after the age of 40, exercise is required to provide some of the deficiency. An English physician who recently reached the age of 95 years, advocates and practices a daily walk in the open, regardless of the weather. He cautions, however, against over-exercising to the point of collapse. While all old people may not wish to follow this hardy example, it is nevertheless true that a moderate walk on pleasant days is a beneficial stimulant.

The digestive powers of the elderly are less vigorous and there is not as great a demand for body fuel as in younger years. The principal function of a person aged in old age is to eat. First, a diminished quantity of food; second, the ingestion of food at more frequent intervals and in smaller quantities; and, third, the use of easily digestible food which does not produce either too large or too small a reaction of waste matter. Portions of advanced age are almost invariably fat, have particular resistance to food and drink in earlier life, and by a rule have eaten relatively little meat in later life. The foundation for a happy and comfortable old age is laid during the active earlier period of life.

With reasonable attention to certain self-discipline and easily accessible reforms or personal hygiene, it is possible, in many instances at least, to obtain ones facilities to such an extent as to make old age a pleasant rather than a burden.

Farmer Labor Supply

Although labor supply in Alberta is not yet at the point of large measure, the number of immigrant workers who are coming to the province continues, according to reports made at the convention of Western Canada employment officials held recently. Farmers, for instance, will not likely be able to get as many men for sowing as they did last year. The number of immigrants from British Columbia and other sources of supply will have to be found.

A man without a single idea is less of a bore than a man with only one idea.

W. N. U. 1519

Farmer Should Have Even Break

Everything That He Buys Is Up and What He Sells Is Down

The present rate for carrying cattle from Canada to England is \$20 a head, which is more than double the rate charged before the war at the time Sir Thomas White went to England hoping to break the ring which controlled ocean freights. At that time the entry was mostly against the high rates charged for carrying when. While the freight cost of carrying cattle across the Atlantic is more than double pre-war rates, the cost in Canada of producing cattle is much more than in pre-war days. The prices of all that the farmers and ranchers produce went up in war-time and later came down with a bang, but the rates they pay for transportation by land and water, the prices they pay for all that they buy, remain some or all of the war-time inflation.

Unless the primary industries of the country can be relieved of some of the excess costs which were introduced in war-time, and which have not since been removed, it is futile to expect a restoration of general prosperity. The purchasing power of those engaged in these primary industries is destroyed by the unprofitableness of their labors and the discouragement of their efforts. What they sell is back to pre-war prices; what they buy is not. If this is to remain so, it follows that our primary industries will languish, in which case our secondary industries cannot hope to thrive.

It means infinitely more, for instance, to the manufacturers of Canada that the growing of cattle should be a profitable industry in Canada, than that the hauling of cattle across the Atlantic should be a highly paying business. Toronto Star.

Water Required By Plants

Are Heavy Drinkers According to Agricultural Expert

In spite of prohibition, plants are heavy drinkers, according to Sidney B. Haskell, director of the Massachusetts Agricultural Experiment Station at Amherst, Mass. Four pounds out of every five pounds of harvested potatoes are nothing more than water. This quantity, although large in itself, is very small compared to the total amount of water used by the crop.

During the growing period for potatoes there passes through the plants an acre of land the enormous quantity of 700 tons of water. This is enough to cover an acre of soil to a depth of more than six inches. It represents the amount of water used by the plant in the process of growth, and also the water which must be delivered to the plants by the soil or uninterfered growth.

A crop of corn uses more water than the potato crop and has a shorter growing season. For this reason corn must have a more moist soil, they say. The soil so badly that crops following often suffer from lack of moisture. Wheat uses less water than oats, and because of this grass and clover are sown in wheat rather than in oats. Both rye and maize require less water per unit of crop produced. The latter, however, brings in a larger total production and requires on the whole larger amounts of water than the former. Plants having shallow and fibrous roots are better adapted to wet land than our more deeply rooted crops.

A Meeting of the Bored

Baltimore Minister Thought He Had Right to Attend

A Baltimore divine who was stopping in Los Angeles went to church the first Sunday after his arrival and later expressed his opinion of the service. He had gone to worship his Maker, but to his surprise, was forced to sit through a long discussion of municipal politics which was delivered under the guise of being a sermon. At the close of the "sermon," the minister announced that when the service was over, he would like to meet the board in the vestry. The Baltimore divine, in company with several other solemn-looking gentlemen, proceeded to walk toward the vestry. The minister, thinking there must be some mistake, tapped him gently on the shoulder and said: "I think you are mistaken, sir. This is a meeting of the board." "Well," replied the Baltimore divine, "I have several other solemn-looking gentlemen with me on my way, and if anyone has been more bored than I have, I should like to meet him."

B.C. Timber For Old Country

Timber for construction of the Belfast dock at Belfast, Ireland, has been ordered from British Columbia mills. There are also orders just received for timbers for Cardiff, Wales, for English and Scotch ports. Renewal orders have been received from India and Egypt for B.C. fir timber and ties. Two ships will sail within the next sixty days with full cargoes for South Africa.

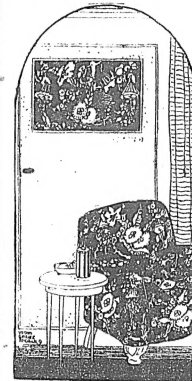
Things You Want to Know About Home Decoration

By DOROTHY ETHEL WALSH. National Authority on Home Furnishings.

By DOROTHY ETHEL WALSH. When Cretone Is to Be Used.

That one is invariably attracted to a new way in which it is displayed. We have long felt that too much cretone used in a room makes negative its charm. Often it is found dressing the window, the stairs, the table, and in fact utilized in every available location. It is decorative in itself, and when given an opportunity to show its decorative quality it satisfies. When overdone and used in large amounts it becomes monotonous.

In today's illustration you will see a bright hued cretone utilized in a strikingly effective manner. The chair slippers are made of the material, and because its very brilliancy was in itself against too much of it being used the decorator of this room decided against making it into window draperies. Instead, plain material the same tone as the blue flowers in the cretone was hung in the windows. So as not to let the furniture appear isolated from the general scheme panels of the cretone were framed and one hung on each wall. This treatment of the walls ties the entire room together and has created a more restful interior.



Saskatchewan Is Increasing Hog Production

No Danger of Over Production if Right Type Is Raised

Saskatchewan is increasing its production of hogs. During 1922 there were 295,000 marketed at stockyards and abattoirs as compared with 122,601 in the preceding year, according to C. M. Learmonth, president of the Saskatchewan Swine Breeders' Association.

"Fear of over production can be set aside if two things are borne in mind," says Mr. Learmonth. "We must raise the right type and produce it at a cost so that porkers can sell in competition with the rest of the world. We produce an excess of finishing feeds in Saskatchewan while our greatest competitor has to import the bulk of her feeds."

"For any export trade the following requirements are essential: (1) That the volume is evenly distributed; (2) That the carcasses be of correct qualifications of length, shape and weight; (3) That with a comparatively mild cure, overseas market has an unlimited capacity."

"Saskatchewan is not rushing head long into the swine business, but a long-term effort is being made to produce the proper type and quality which will bring a steadily increasing output. The slogan of the Swine Breeders' Association is 'A couple of broad sows on every farm.'"

A Changed Heart

World Can Be Changed When We Have Changed Persons

Nathaniel Hawthorne has given us a story, entitled "Earth's Holocaust," which is the tale of some men and women who had become weary of their follies and follies and who had decided to be rid of their foolishness and trifles. They determined to make an end of them by burning. A great mountain of useless and silly possessions was heaped.

The flames and smoke of them rose to the sky. There were present a number of representatives, and of course, now that their business was gone. Satan himself came to comfort them. "Be not cast down, my peers," he said, "there is one thing these wise acres have forgotten."

"What is that?" they all shouted. "Why, the human heart; unless they hit upon some trick of purifying that foul thing it will soon be the same old world again." A changed heart makes a changed person. We will change the world when we have changed persons. "The soul of every reformer is the reform of the soul," said Theodore Roosevelt.

Fixing the Blame

Gentle hands were Blame Pat from the wreckage of his automobile, which has just been struck at a grade crossing by a fast passenger train.

"How did it happen?" asked a friend who was with the rescue party.

"Begorra," blurted Pat. "It's more than I can understand. Ye'd have thought that the engineer of the train could have seen me coming in broad daylight!" Everybody's Magazine.

If Great Britain were only able to collect the \$10,000,000,000 owing it by its allies, there would be a wonderful change in the condition of its domestic affairs—a huge lightning of the taxpayers' burden.

Turn Buffalo Loose

Proposal to Ship Buffalo From Wainwright Park to Far North Country

Plans for the shipment of buffalo from the Wainwright range to the Wood Buffalo Park in the north have been considerably curtailed due to the economies which are being put in force by the Federal authorities, says the Edmonton Bulletin. It was at first intended to transport 2,000 of the animals from Wainwright to the north, where they would have been turned loose in the territory occupied by the last herd of wild buffalo on the American continent.

Arrangements had been made for the shipment of young animals every year by train and river steamer to the banks of the Slave River, where they would have been given their liberty, but according to advices received in the city from Ottawa, it is understood that at the most 100 head will be sent out this year, while there is a possibility that the whole plan will be shelved for this present season.

Too Many!

We Appear to Have An Excess of Many Things

There are too many of many things. Too many divorces; too many cases in the courts; too many scandals in high and low life; too many immigrants coming into the United States; too many children for the schools to accommodate; too many people with too many dollars; and too many with too few; too many boys in our colleges that ought not to be there and too many in our colleges who ought to be; too many automobile accidents; too many murders; too many robberies; too many men doing too many useless jobs; too many soldiers in Europe; too many Japanese in Japan; too many Hindus and Mohammedans in India; too many high ideals that fall; too many low ideals that come out on top. We seem to be living in an age of "too many's." And there are too many people that do not care. —New York Post.

Lined Oil Industry

A slight decrease in the value of products produced in the Canadian lined oil industry in 1922 as compared with 1921, is shown in a report issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. Production in 1922 was valued at \$5,558,627, as against \$6,223,376 in 1921. In each year the number of plants reporting was 8, of which 3 were in the province of Quebec, 2 each in Manitoba and Ontario and 1 in Alberta.

A camera man out in Los Angeles wore an asbestos suit when he rode on the front of a locomotive through a raging forest fire in order to secure some spectacular film footage.

Bright Gems For Her Velvet Gown



The Queen of Sheba very likely got the fashions for her day, and we haven't the least bit of doubt that had this been her day and generation the above gown is just the sort of gown she would have chosen, perhaps not to appear in before Solomon but at least to don for some securely lesser occasion. For it is a very gorgeous affair—indeed, really orientally dazzling. Liberally studded with bright jewels, rhinestones and emeralds, it does not in this photograph appear the beautiful thing it really is. As one might guess, 'tis of Persian origin.

Canada's Wheat Leadership

Progressive Outlook of Canadian Agriculture and Wheat Growers

President Coolidge's recent order advancing the tariff on Canadian wheat entering the United States has apparently not had the desired effect. The golden grain still filters through the tariff wall, and according to Dr. H. M. Torsy, president of the University of Alberta, in an address to the Ottawa branch of the Engineering Institute, it will continue to do so. In a few years, Dr. Torsy believes, Canada will be exporting more wheat to the United States.

According to Dr. Torsy this situation is due to the progressive outlook of Canadian agriculturists and grain growers, who have not failed to take advantage of modern scientific methods in crop raising. Praise must also be given to the Canadian technical men who have devoted a life-time study to the perfection of grain suitable to the peculiar requirements of the west. Even now it is reported that a new wheat has been invented which will excel Marquis and the others, and which will extend the wheat line northwards to the fringe of the North West Territory itself.

Canada is now the world's largest wheat exporter. During the last crop this country outdistanced all others. The figures covering the period from July 1, 1922, to February 22, 1923, of wheat and flour exports, in bushels, are as follows:

	1922-23	1922-23
United States	91,651,000	118,918,000
Canada	22,116,000	202,120,000
Argentina	56,587,000	60,961,000
British India	11,201,000	7,819,000
Australia	22,987,000	20,652,000

Russia and some of the smaller countries have exported 55,000,000 bushels in the 1922-23 period. Canada has now displayed the former leader, the United States, and seems to be in a position from which there will be no going back. The prophetic vision of those who said that Canada would one day become "the granary of the world" has come to realization. It should mean something to the Canadian people. —Moose Jaw Times.

Ordinary Men

Possible For All Men to be More Efficient If They Only Try

"We can't all be extraordinary," a speaker said recently, addressing a gathering of young men. "Many of us must be ordinary men." This may be a hard-headed, common-sense statement, but it is a very uninspiring doctrine to preach to young men, or to men or women of any age.

The truth is that it is possible for all of us to be one hundred per cent. more efficient, more successful, better developed, all round than we are today. But as long as we hold the idea that we can't be anything out of the common, we can't.

As Emerson says, he who aims at a star will shoot higher than he who only aims at a tree. As long as we think that we, with multitudes of others, must be very ordinary men and women, we will be ordinary men. A sculptor cannot exceed his model. The model of ourselves that we hold in mind will determine the height to which we will rise.

Direction Finding Stations

Since the beginning of the new year, the seventh of Canada's direction finding stations has been completed for service by the radio branch of the Department of Marine and Fisheries to serve the boats which navigate the Bay of Fundy and the stretch of coastal waters to Boston. Once a ship in distress is within 100 miles of the Canadian shore, no matter where on the Atlantic or Pacific sides, it is possible for the wireless operator to press the spring and get communication and assistance in location from a finding station, specially built for the purpose and equipped with special apparatus.

Making Himself Clear

An Indian paper furnishes us with a recent specimen of "English as it is spoken." It is copy of a letter sent by a woman teacher to the director of education, Manila, and reads: "Dear sir, I have the honor to resignate as my works is many and my salary are few. Beside which my supervising teacher makes many money to me to which I only reply, 'Oh no, Oh no!'—Very respectfully, Josefin." —Manila Bulletin.

Germans' Story of War

Germany probably some time next fall will know officially all the ins and outs of the world war of 1914-18, and just what brought it about. The Herth parliamentary inquiry commission, appointed several years ago to investigate all phases of the conflict, has announced that it hopes to finish its task some time this year, when its full report will be published in 12 or 12 volumes.

Fence Posts

We are stocking some good Tamarac Posts and Poles. Poles are 14 feet long and suitable for Corrals. We also have Cedar and Willow Posts on hand.

We also have in Stock

Hy-Grade Coal

We carry as usual a full Line of BUILDING MATERIAL.

Imperial Lumber Yards

W. WRIGHT, Agent for Chinook



Crocus Lodge, No. 115, G.R.A.
A. F. & A. M.

Meets at 8 p.m. the Wednesday on or after the full moon.

Visiting brethren cordially welcomed.

R. V. LAWRENCE,
W. M.

J. W. LAWRENCE,
Secretary

J. L. CARTER

Auctioneer

Is prepared to conduct all kinds of Auction Sales. Prices moderate.

Dates can be made at the Advance Office, or at the Acadia Hotel CHINOOK.

King Restaurant

Meals at all hours. All kinds of Tobacco, Candies and Soft Drinks

Chinook Alta.

At the Elevators

(Prices Paid Yesterday)

Wheat	
1 Northern	77
2 Northern	74
3 Northern	69
Oats	
2 C.W.	24
3 C.W.	21
No. 1 Feed	
Barley	
4 Barley	42
3 Barley	41
Flax	
1 N.W.	1.75
1 C.W.	
Rye	
2 Rye	43
Eggs	
Butter	25

Mah Bros. Cafe

Regular first-class meals 40cts Board and Room by the week very reasonable.

Short Orders at all hours Confectionery, Cigars, Cigarettes and Tobaccos

Fresh Oysters, and Bread Soft Drinks Ice Cream

Get ready for Spring

Now is the time for the farmer to bring in his Drill, Plow, Disc or Harrows for Repair before the busy season commences.

We guarantee our work.
Prices Reasonable

W. W. ISBISTER

General Blacksmith
CHINOOK - ALTA.

LOST—A black colt, 2 years old with white stripes on forehead Branded W on right hip. Reward of \$3.00. Finder notify Reg. Witt, Chinook, Alta.

FOR SALE—A 490 Chevrolet car in good running order, with 1924 License. Price \$200. Apply The Advance Office, Chinook.

FOR SALE—A Range in good condition. Price \$35.00. N. D. Stewart, Coliholme, Chinook.

Spring Clean-Up

Well, well, Spring is here and we are ready to clean up, paint up and generally renovate the whole place. Let us start with a will and do the whole town. Get rid of that unsightly rubbish, that ash heap and that dried heap of weeds in fence corner. Better still let us start with a spring resolution not to let that old piece of paper get away from us to litter the streets of Cereal or Oyen. April is the time! Chinook is the place! Town council, citizens and residents get busy.

School Fair

Do you believe in Education? Those who attended the moving picture show, at the school on Monday evening were certainly impressed with the value of school fairs and the work of the School of Agriculture, Mr. Holton, B.S.A. gave eight reels of pictures dealing with scenes taken at Jasper Park and scenes showing the activities of the schools of agriculture, scenes showing school fair work, and scenes showing the Prince of Wales Ranch. Some pictures of the Morman Temple at Cardston proved very interesting. After the show Mr. Holton spoke on School Fairs, and those present organized a fair committee for this year. Mr. C. Neff was elected secretary. He is proceeding to enroll the schools of the district in Chinook School Fair. We trust that the surrounding schools and the people of this community will give him their hearty support and aid in all possible ways.

The annual bull sale held in Calgary recently, was very successful, some good prices being realized. A total of 151 short-horns changed hands, as well as 44 Angus and 119 Herefords. The total amount involved in the sales was about \$42,480.

Delegates to the annual convention of the British Association of Scientists, which is to be held in Canada this year, will pay a visit to Alberta during the month of August, travelling in two special trains.

Sixty-two families of Hebrews will arrive in Alberta in the next two weeks to take up farm homes in central Alberta, selected for them by the settlement board of the federal government. Twenty-eight more young Dutch farm laborers arrived during the past week in Lethbridge to take up work on the farms of the Lethbridge Northern irrigation tract. Entries for 60 homesteads by new settlers were made at the Dominion Land Office at Edmonton during the month of March, indicating the commencement of the movement of new settlers to the province.

The Ladies Aid of the Chinook Church are holding a tea and parcel post sale on Saturday afternoon, April 19, in the Old Bank Building.

FOR SALE—Small Cook Stove. Apply Advance Office, Chinook.

Chinook U.F.A. Local

The last U.F.A. meeting for this season held on Friday evening proved enjoyable and instructive to those attending. One of the most interesting items on the program was an address by Mr. L. S. Dawson on the debate between Dr. McGill and Aaron Sapiro. In his introductory remarks Mr. Dawson informed the audience that there was no debate. Dr. McGill simply outlined the workings of the Grain Exchange which he declared to be essential in the grain trade. In referring to Mr. Sapiro's speech, Mr. Dawson gave out some interesting points which Sapiro advocated in co-operative selling using the case of the tobacco growers in the States as an example of prosperity brought about by co-operative selling. Mr. Dawson also mentioned the fact that a local man, who had a relative in the States where this co-operative system was established, stated that the business men of this particular district had benefited as well as the tobacco growers. Mr. Dawson advocated that everybody should boost for the wheat pool because if it helped the farmer it would also help the business man.

Mr. E. Proctor also gave a talk on the Municipal Hall Insurance, pointing out the new features which will be put into effect this year. Miss Neff favored the audience with a piano solo.

Letter to Editor

Dear Sir: Now that Spring is here would it not be well for us all to get busy and clean up the rubbish that has accumulated through the winter. A walk about our town will convince any one of the need for cans, old papers, weeds and all sorts of odds and ends every where. The Council could set us a good example by cleaning up the street and town property.

Then why not go a step further and level up the lot where the town hall stands and plant some trees. Also have the old burnt machinery and other debris where the various fires have taken place cleared away, and have a village

looking as if some one cared for its appearance.

The School Board could cultivate a strip of land around the border of the school property and plant it with trees. A very small outlay and reasonable care would make a vast difference in the appearance of our town.

Follow this up by improving the roads entering the town both east and west. On the east, acquire a right of way across the corner of Lensegrat farm and do away with the necessity of crossing the railway twice in entering the town. The entrance from the west could be improved also, and the numerous automobiles which now pass by our town could be brought through the town and these travellers would leave many dollars with us.

Yours for a wide-awake, clean town,
CITIZEN.

Chinook School Honor Roll

The following is the Honor Roll for the month of March.
Grade II Louise Vanderberg, Mildred Clipham, Kenneth Dawson.

Grade III. Urdine Brownell, Norma Hurley, Majorie Lee
Grade IV. Blanche Sha'bino, Elsie Smith, Ellen Featherston.
Grade V. Vincent Rideout, Orville Aarsby, Dorothy Carter.
Grade VI Dorothy Neff, Willie Thompson, Sadie McLean.
Grade VII Bessie Noble, Ver na Dressel, Benjamin Adams

COLLHOLME MUNICIPAL MEETING

The regular monthly meeting of the Collholme Municipal Council was held last Saturday in the Collholme School, with all the members present.

With a view to doing some read work this summer, the Municipality ordered a new eight foot grader.

After discussing the estimates of expenditure for the year the council decided to set the 1924 municipal rates at five mills on the dollar, one mill less than last year.

Chinook Agricultural Fair--July 28-29

FANCY WORK

1. Best Fancy Hand-bag	2.00	1.00
2. Child's Frock, hand-made	3.00	1.50
3. Lady's Unbleached Muslin Apron, Appliqued	1.50	1.25
4. Knitted Socks, hand-made	2.00	1.00
5. Knitted Mitts, hand-made	2.00	1.00
6. Crocheted Mitts, in wool	2.00	1.00
7. Crocheted Wool Hat or Tam	2.00	1.50
8. Cross Stitch—any article	2.00	1.00
9. Mat, hooked	2.00	1.00
10. Mat, braided	2.00	1.00
11. Embroidered Apron	2.00	1.50
12. Towels, drawn work	2.00	1.00
13. Pillow Cases, crocheted edge	2.00	1.00
14. Knitted Sweater, in wool	2.00	1.50
15. Knitted Sweater, in silk	2.00	1.50
16. Infant's Knitted Sweater, in wool	3.00	1.50
17. Child's Frock, machine-made	2.00	1.00
18. Lady's Apron, machine-made	1.00	.50
19. Fancy Camisole	1.50	.75
20. Camisole Yoke, crocheted	1.00	.50
21. Breakfast Cap, crocheted	1.00	.50
22. Buffet Set	2.00	1.00
23. Embroidered Library Scarf and Cushion	3.00	1.50
24. Collection of crocheted work	2.00	1.00
25. Collection of Knitted work	2.00	1.00
26. Luncheon Set, appliqued	2.00	1.00
27. Luncheon Set, embroidered	2.00	1.00
28. Centrepiece, linen	3.00	1.50
29. Centrepiece, linen, crocheted	1.50	.75
30. Embroidered Linen Traycloth	1.50	.75
31. Collection of 3 fancy handkerchiefs	1.50	.75
32. Day Slips	2.00	1.00
33. Patchwork quilt, any kind	3.00	1.50
34. Best appliqued Bedspread	2.00	1.50
35. Fancy Cushion, embroidered	2.00	1.00
36. Best Baby Bonnet	2.00	1.00
37. Best Baby Carriage, Robe and Pillow	3.00	1.50
38. Best Novelty	2.00	1.00
39. Sewing three-cornered tear in woolen goods	1.00	.50
40. Best Lady's House Dress	2.00	1.00
41. Best Suit Pattern	1.50	.75
42. Best Day Shirt, machine-made	1.50	.75
Children—Twelve and Under		
43. Best Dressed Doll	1.00	.50
44. Embroidered Cushion Top	1.00	.50
45. Knitting, in wool	1.00	.50
46. Handkerchief, drawn work	1.00	.50
47. Collection of the class	3.00	1.50
Children—Sixteen and Under		
48. Hemstitched Towel	1.00	.50
49. Buttonholes—silk	1.00	.50
50. Embroidered Guest Towels	1.00	.50
51. Knitted Scarf, wool	1.00	.50
52. Crocheted Dolly, cotton	1.00	.50
53. Apron, hand-made	2.00	1.00
54. Collection of the class	5.00	2.50

Just To Remind You

That Now Is The Time
To Buy Your

Formaldehyde
Harness Oil
Sweat Pads
Whiffletrees

We also have a complete stock of
FORKS, SHOVELS, BOLTS, RIVETS,
CHAINS, ROPE, NAILS, AND
POSTHOLE AUGERS
GASOLINE, OILS AND GREASE

Get Your Supplies, Large or Small From Us.
We Will Give You Service.

Banner Hardware
CHINOOK - ALBERTA

Say, Fellows--

We invite you to call and see our fine stock of
Dress Boots and Shoes
and Work Boots, Men's and
Boy's Running Shoes
and Rubbers

If you are needing Work Gloves—Call and See Me

SPORTING GOODS

I have made arrangements with a Sporting Goods House which allows me to have on hand for a few days a large selection of Golf Sticks and Golf Balls. Call and pick out yours while they are here. Do not order from catalogue when you can see what you are getting by purchasing from me.

The Chinook Harness Shop
S. H. SMITH, Prop.

Robinson Bros.,
General Blacksmiths

Horse-shoeing and General Wood Work
Repairing

Get Our Prices On Plow Share Work
Chinook - Alta.

FARM HELP SUPPLIED

FREE SERVICE NOW OFFERED
BY

Canadian National Railways
Colonization and Development Department

The work of this department is being rapidly extended throughout Western Canada to be of the best possible service to the public, and through its special representatives in the East, in Great Britain, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, and other European countries, it will be able to bring to Canada large numbers of immigrants, male and female, who in a short time should become permanent and desirable settlers. The great obstacle in the past has been the uncertainty of immediate employment for the new arrival and farmers can assist colonization work by employing their help through this channel, and if possible BY TIE YEAR. The work is done without charge and no advances are required for transportation or for any similar purpose. All information given is used for the purpose of informing the settler requiring help only.

Every New Settler Helps You Prosper

All C.N.R. Station Agents Have Necessary Forms
—And Will Take Your Application, Or Write—

D. M. JOHNSON, R. C. LETT,
General Agricultural Agent, General Agent,
WINNIPEG EDMONTON
COLONIZATION AND DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT
Canadian National
Railways